

Teaching and Digital Technologies

Big issues and critical questions

Digital technologies can enhance effective teaching and learning. However, these same technologies also present teachers with many issues and dilemmas. *Teaching and Digital Technologies: Big issues and critical questions* helps both pre-service and in-service teachers to critically question and evaluate the reasons for using digital technology in the classroom. Unlike other resources that show how to use specific technologies – and quickly become outdated – this text empowers the reader to understand why they should or should not use digital technologies, when it is appropriate (or not) to do so, and the implications arising from these decisions.

Teaching and Digital Technologies is an equally relevant resource for university subjects that have a discrete focus on digital technologies, as well as subjects that deal with digital technologies in an integrated fashion. It directly engages with policy, the Australian Curriculum, pedagogy, learning and wider issues of equity, access, generational stereotypes and professional learning. The contributors to the book are notable figures from across a broad range of Australian universities, giving the text a unique relevance to Australian education while retaining its universal appeal.

The 26 pragmatically focused chapters guide pre-service and in-service teachers through key issues to help them decide when, how and why they need to engage with digital technologies. Each chapter also includes suggested activities, and the text is supported by a website, at www.cambridge.edu.au/academic/teachingdigital, that contains further resources.

Teaching and Digital Technologies is an essential contemporary resource for early childhood, primary and secondary pre-service and in-service teachers in both local and international education environments.

Michael Henderson is a senior lecturer in the Faculty of Education at Monash University.

Geoff Romeo is an Honorary Professor in the Faculty of Education and Arts at Australian Catholic University.



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Edited by
Michael Henderson
Geoff Romeo





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Foreword

My last week has included both a dinner with an education minister and a live media interview. What characterised both these events was a shared question: What is the single most important thing about teaching with new technologies? And of course therein lies the problem: there is no single uniquely important thing, no silicon bullet. Schools and other institutions of learning are complex places – single events like a road accident, or a windy day can and do change the nature of the school community. Students are all individuals and yet cohorts have their own character too. Teachers themselves also vary, and thank goodness; our best learning memories usually have a unique teacher as part of the mix. None of this is simple.

And, underpinning all this, the conveyor belt of innovation whisking us further forwards into this millennium accelerates in both the power and the choices we are offered year on year. We face, as has often been observed, the certainty of uncertainty and some kind of constancy of change. It is hardly surprising that in among all this, politicians and others ask for simple answers for 'the single most important thing', or revert philosophically to an earlier and less complex era, or to childhoods remembered. It is no help at all that companies also often suggest that they actually have 'the most important thing': adopt our solution, trust our anecdotes, keep taking our tablets ...

Learning professionals, parents and children know better of course, and they will love this book; it is cogent, reflective and, crucially, it embraces the extraordinary complexity of making learning better in this exhilarating third millennium. Chapters can be dipped into and out of, or it can be enjoyed cover-to-cover, for its narrated insights.

Why would all this matter? Well first, in a world where many (although not all) may live way beyond 100 years, and where newly emerging complex problems occur seemingly weekly, a lifetime's passion for learning has never been more important. The educational stability of earlier eras cannot prepare us for the problem solving we need to tackle the exogenous change and stochastic shocks of eras to come. A mere decade and a half or so of full time learning must leave you ready and hungry to learn delightedly throughout a lengthy lifetime.

Second, for a significant swathe of the world's 2.2 billion children, education has not delivered what they need. Shortages (or often a complete absence) of teachers,

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partial information, war, famine, bigotry and more have isolated them from any real chance of a traditional school education. We have to believe that technology has the ability to transform learning to make it affordably better for everyone. If so, surely it is helpful to start with a detailed look at the big issues and critical questions provoked by teaching with digital technologies.

Children, teachers, parents and technology have to lie at the beating heart of a vibrant new approach to learning. We need everyone's algorithmic thought; the world needs our collective digital ingenuity. New learning has the ability to mend this world. This book is not a bad place to start on the repair.

Professor Stephen Heppell Felipe Segovia Chair of Learning Innovation at Universidad Camilo José Cela, Madrid. Chair in New Media Environments, CEMP, Bournemouth University.



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Preface for teacher educators and professional learning leaders

This book is designed as a resource that enriches pre-service teacher education and in-service professional learning – helping teachers to critically question and evaluate the reasons for using technology. It is important to note that this book, while adopting a critical perspective of digital technologies, believes that such technologies can benefit education. However, rather than focusing on what buttons to press, each chapter aims to empower the reader to understand why they should (or should not) use digital technologies, when it is appropriate (or not), and what new implications arise.

In the context of teacher education the text is equally applicable for university subjects that have a discrete focus on digital technologies, as well as subjects that deal with digital technologies in an integrated fashion. The authors of the chapters are notable figures from across a broad range of Australian universities, giving the text a uniquely strong relevance to Australian education. It directly engages with policy, curriculum and other issues particularly relevant in an Australian context. This text provides a resource that assists specialist and non-specialist teacher educators (lecturers and tutors) to incorporate suitable discussion and activity into classes to ensure students engage with many of the key critical issues and debates.

There are approximately 50000 pre-service teachers in Australia. Many of them are exposed to digital technologies in their courses at a *functional* level (for instance, using technologies such as PowerPoint or blogs in lessons) with relatively little exposure to the big questions about if, when and why digital technologies should be used. The national Teaching Teachers for the Future project revealed that most universities in Australia are struggling to not only embed the use of ICTs in pre-service programs but to also provide all students with the opportunity to engage with the critical issues and their consequences (see Finger et al., 2015; Romeo, Lloyd & Downes, 2012).



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In the context of in-service professional learning, the text is designed for general, specialist and leading teachers. The issues and questions, presented by leading experts, reveal the complexity and often hidden implications of our constant struggle in using digital technologies in the classroom. This text is relevant for teachers of early childhood students through to senior years, in all subject areas and domains.

The text is made up of short chapters, designed to concisely broker key issues and questions for teachers to inform their practice. In each chapter, one or more 'critical question' is asked. These are the kinds of questions that we believe all teachers should be asking themselves. Often there is no simple or clear answer to them. However, by asking them we are encouraging a critical perspective in the selection and use of digital technologies. Each chapter explores the complexity of the topic, thereby helping us to understand why we need to ask these questions. It may seem strange to pose such complex and sometimes irresolvable questions in a book designed for non-specialist and pre-service teachers. However, these kinds of questions are rarely dealt with despite their significant implications for all teachers and their students. Understanding that they exist is an essential beginning point for any teacher seeking to use digital technology in their classroom.

Each chapter also contains suggested activities to explore the issues and questions raised. These include discussion scenarios, study questions, observations, analysis prompts and further reading. The text is also supported by a website that contains links and introductory media.

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Contributors

Peter Albion is Professor of Educational Technology in the School of Teacher Education and Early Childhood at the University of Southern Queensland (USQ). Prior to joining USQ in 1991 he was a teacher and principal in secondary schools for 17 years.

Neil Anderson is Associate Dean Research Education of the College of Arts, Education and Social Science and a Senior Research Fellow of the Cairns Institute at James Cook University. He was a recipient of the Vice-Chancellor's Award for excellence in research supervision and previously held the prestigious Pearl Logan Chair in Rural Education for five years. Professor Anderson was Queensland state coordinator for SiMERR (Science ICT, Mathematics Education in Rural and Regional Australia) for seven years. He was a classroom teacher for more than 20 years, receiving a National Excellence in Teaching Award and QSITE (QLD Society for Information Technology in Education) Educator of the Year.

Glenn Auld is a senior lecturer in education, specialising in language and literacy. He was the inaugural winner of the *Betty Watts Award* for research in Indigenous education from the Australian Association of Researchers in Education.

Matt Bower is a senior lecturer in ICT for the School of Education at Macquarie University. He was recipient of a 2010 Australian Learning and Teaching Council Citation Award for Outstanding Contribution to Student Learning.

Scott Bulfin is a senior lecturer in the Faculty of Education at Monash University and helps lead its secondary English program.

Chris Campbell lectures in digital technologies in the School of Education at the University of Queensland, where she teaches in both undergraduate and postgraduate programs. Chris has been conducting research into the new and emerging area of learning design for the past few years and currently has a project in Malaysian schools investigating cloud-based learning designs.

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Lena Djabibba is an elder of the Kunibídji community in Maningrida in Arnhem Land in the Northern Territory. She has spent many years in advisory and consultative roles in projects involving education and health of Aboriginal children.

Ann Downton lectures in mathematics education at the Australian Catholic University. She is an experienced primary school teacher in the general classroom and as a part-time mathematics and science specialist. Ann has been an active member of the Mathematics Association of Victoria (MAV) for many years, both as a member on Council and as a member of the Annual Conference Committee.

Susan Edwards is Associate Professor in the Faculty of Education at the Australian Catholic University (ACU). She is currently working as a chief investigator on two new Australian Research Council Discovery Grants (2014–2016; 2015–2017) investigating the role of play-based pedagogies in the provision of obesity and sustainability education in early childhood, and in the use of digital technologies in the early years.

Glenn Finger is Professor of Education at Griffith University. He was Dean (Learning and Teaching) of the Arts, Education and Law Group from 2011 to 2015, Deputy Dean (Learning and Teaching) of the Faculty of Education from 2007 to 2010, and Deputy Director, Centre for Learning Research from 2005 to 2006. He is a Fellow of the Australian College of Educators. Prior to his appointment at Griffith University in 1999, Glenn served with Education Queensland for more than 24 years as a physical education specialist, primary school teacher, deputy principal and acting principal in a wide variety of educational settings.

Andrew Fluck is a senior lecturer in information technology education at the University of Tasmania. He has taught science, mathematics and computing in Nigeria, England and Australia. Andrew is a past secretary of the Australian Council for Computers in Education (ACCE). He serves on the executive of Working Group 3.3 (research into educational applications of information technologies) for IFIP/UNESCO.

Sue Gregory is Associate Professor, Chair of Research and member of the ICT team in the School of Education at the University of New England. She is a long-term adult educator with over 25 years' experience teaching adults how to incorporate ICT into their professions. Since 2009, Sue has been Chair of the Australian and New Zealand Virtual Worlds Working Group.

Donna Gronn is Senior Lecturer at Australian Catholic University, and has been a primary school teacher (both classroom and computer specialist). Donna is a board member of the Australian Council for Computers in Education (ACCE) and the current president of Digital Learning and Teaching Victoria (DLTV).



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Contributors

Michael Henderson is Senior Lecturer in the Faculty of Education at Monash University. He taught in schools in Australia and the United Kingdom for 10 years prior to becoming a teacher educator. Michael sits on a number of editorial advisory boards and is a lead editor for the Australasian Journal of Educational Technology. He was an executive member of the Australian Association for Research in Education and continues to serve on the committee of management for Digital Learning and Teaching Victoria (DLTV).

Kathryn Holmes is Senior Lecturer in the School of Education at the University of Newcastle. She is a co-editor of the leading international teacher education journal, *Teaching and Teacher Education*.

Sarah K Howard is Senior Lecturer in Information and Communication Technologies (ICTs) in Education at the University of Wollongong. Before coming to Australia, she worked as a graphic designer and art teacher in San Francisco.

Nicola F Johnson is Senior Lecturer and Deputy Head in the School of Education in the Faculty of Education and Arts at Federation University Australia.

Margaret Lloyd is a professor in the Faculty of Education at Queensland University of Technology (QUT). She is an Office for Learning & Teaching (OLT) National Teaching Fellow. Margaret began her career as a teacher of secondary art and graphic communication (1973–1983) before branching into the teaching of senior secondary computing subjects from 1984 to 1995 and joining the university in 1996. She has had a leading role in curriculum development within the university and with the Queensland Studies Authority, including being the State Review Panel Chair for Information Processing and Technology.

Jennifer Masters is an academic and a researcher in the Faculty of Education at the University of Tasmania, Launceston. She specialises in the use of digital technologies to support curriculum and pedagogy, incorporating the use of blended learning and e-learning in teacher education. Her research interests include creative use of computers, mobile learning, reflection through digital portfolios and notions of ethical digital citizenship.

Kelli McGraw lectures in the School of Curriculum at Queensland University of Technology (QUT). Before moving into teacher education, Kelli taught secondary school English and debating in southwest Sydney, New South Wales.

Nicole Mockler lectures in the Faculty of Education and Social Work at the University of Sydney.

Adrian Mozejko is currently working on his PhD at the University of Wollongong. Adrian has completed a Masters of Science in Climate Sciences (magna cum laude) at the University of Bern and the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology Zurich, as



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well as a Masters of Education at the University of Wollongong. He has worked as both an industry trainer in Fortune 500 companies and as a secondary science teacher.

C Paul Newhouse is an associate professor in educational computing at Edith Cowan University in Perth, Western Australia. He is the director of the Centre for Schooling and Learning Technologies (CSaLT) in the School of Education.

Mark Pegrum is an associate professor in the Faculty of Education at The University of Western Australia. His teaching has been recognised through Faculty and University Excellence in Teaching Awards, as well as a 2010 national Australian Learning & Teaching Council (ALTC) Excellence in Teaching Award.

Michael Phillips is a lecturer in digital technologies in the Faculty of Education at Monash University. Michael is also a state committee member and journal editor for Digital Learning and Teaching Victoria (DLTV). Michael was a secondary school teacher and leader for more than 10 years.

Torsten Reiners is a senior lecturer in the Curtin Business School at Curtin University. He is the director of the Logistics Research Cluster at Curtin University and the convenor of the ascilite2015 conference in Perth.

Geoff Romeo is an honorary professor of Australian Catholic University (ACU). He was a teacher with the Department of Education, Victoria from 1976 to 1990, held various positions at Monash University from 1991 to 2009, and was Associate Dean, Learning and Teaching, from 2010 to 2014. He is a past board member of the Australian Council for Computers in Education (ACCE) and a past president and life member of Digital Learning and Teaching Victoria (DLTV). He was made a Fellow of the ACCE in 2010. He retired from ACU in 2014.

Neil Selwyn is a professor in the Faculty of Education, Monash University. He is coeditor of the journal *Learning*, *Media and Technology*, and a regular keynote speaker at international conferences.

Hanna Teräs is a lecturer in the School of Education at Murdoch University. She has been involved in e-learning research, development and practice for more than 15 years, in Australia and Finland.

Marko Teräs is currently conducting his PhD research at Curtin University in Perth. He has a Bachelor of Arts in user experience design and Master of Arts in instructional design and technology. Marko has a broad international background as a developer, trainer and researcher in online learning, user experience and digital technologies.



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Contributors

Lincoln C Wood is Senior Lecturer, Operations and Supply Chain Management at Auckland University of Technology (New Zealand) and an Adjunct Research Fellow at Curtin Business School (Australia).

Jason Zagami lectures in the School of Education and Professional Studies at Griffith University in Queensland. He is an Apple Distinguished Educator, Google Certified Teacher, president of the Australian Council for Computers in Education (ACCE), Gold Coast regional president of the Australian College of Educators (ACE), past president of the Queensland Society for Information Technology in Education (QSITE), and editor of the Australian Educational Computing (AEC) journal.



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